



As settled by the Boundary Commissioners under the Local Government (Scotland) Act, 1889.

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Places in Scotland affected by changes to boundaries of counties and parishes

MORAY (ELGINSHIRE)

A digital copy of

Boundaries of Counties and Parishes in Scotland:
as settled by the Boundary Commissioners under the Local Government (Scotland) Act, 1889

By Hay Shennan, Advocate

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8.—COUNTY OF ELGIN

I.—COUNTY BOUNDARIES.

The county of Elgin contained three detached parts of the county of Naira. Two of them were at the same time detached parts of the parish of Ardelach, while the third was part of the parish of Dyke & Moy. One parish (Cromdale) was situated partly in the county of Elgin and partly in the county of Inverness, and five parishes (Bellie, Boharm, Inveravon, Keith, and Rothes) were situated partly in the county of Elgin and partly in the county of Banff. Prior to the passing of the Local Government (Scotland) Act, 1889, parts of the parishes of Bellie, Boharm, Keith, and Inveravon, situated in the county of Elgin, were by a Local Act of Parliament included in the county of Banff for the administration of the law relating to highways. The arrangements made by the Boundary Commissioners have the result of placing each of these parishes in one county for all county purposes. (See Local Government (Scotland) Act, 1889, sect. 41.) The county boundaries have been dealt with as follows:—

A. With the County of Banff.

1.—Bellie.

The parish of Bellie was situated partly in the county of Banfi and partly in the county of Elgin. By the Order printed at p. 21 the parish was placed wholly and for all purposes in the county of Elgin.

The following subjects (while remaining in the parish of Bellie) have thus been transferred from the county of Banff to the county of Elgin:

PLACE.	DESCRIPT	PROPELETOR.	
Gordon Castle, .	Offices, home farm,	woodlands, &c.	Gordon.
Salmon fishings,	remarkable and the contraction of	1	Do.
Auchinhalrig,	Farm, houses, crofts	s, and land,	Do.
	Farm,		Do.
Upper Auchinreath,	Farm,		Do.
Nether Auchinreath,	Farm,		Do.
Lower Auchinreath,	Houses,	w 8 15	Do.
Bellie,	Cottages,		Do.
Bellie Bridge, .	House,		Do.
Boghead,	Houses,		Do.
Bogmoor,	Houses, crofts, and	land,	Do.
Brace,	Farm,	* . * *	Do.
Braewynor,	Do.		Do.
Bornside,	Cottages and farm,		· Do.
Byres,	Farm.		Do.
Carsemoor,	Houses and farm,		. <u>D</u> o.
Chapelford,	House,		Do.
Cowiemuir, .	Farm,		Do.



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PLACE.		DESCRIPTION.	PROPRIETOR.
Culriach,		Houses, crofts, and mill,	Duke of Richmond and
			Gordon.
Cuminghaugh,		Farm,	Do.
Nether Dallachy,		Farm, houses, crofts, and land,	Do
Upper Dallachy,		Farm, smithy, houses, crofts, and	
		land,	Do.
Dryburn, .		Farm,	Do.
Floods,		D_0	Do.
Lion's Den.		Houses,	Do.
Loanend.		Farm (part),	Do.
Longhow, .		Do	Do.
Newlands.		Croft and houses,	Do.
Quarry Garden.		House,	Do.
Raefflin,		Farm,	Do.
Roman Camp,		House,	Do.
Ryeriggs, .		Farm, crofts, houses, and land, .	D _B
Starretand		Houses, , , ,	Do.
Tugnet,		Crofts, houses, land, and bathing	
		cottage,	Do.
Tulloch,		Farm,	Do.
Tulloch Moss.		Crofts, houses, and land,	Do.
Twent		Mills, house, and croft,	Do.
Trum of The A		House,	Do.
Blair of Tynet,		Croft and houses	Do.
Lower Mill of Tyne	đ.	Farm (part),	Do.
	.,	Houses and farm,	Do.
Whitegate, .		Hongog	Do.
D		Reheal bulldhow	School Board of the Parish.
fr		Chapel,	Trustees of R.C. Chapel.
Part of Highland 1	èn.	lway (Keith and Buckie) line (49	AT 115 Oct 11 Chaper
chains) south o	of 1	Park of Raffin,	Highland Railway Co.
Part of the Great 1	No	th of Scotland Railway (Buckie	Great North of Scotland
Extension) lin	e i	2 miles 12 chains) near the sea	Railway Company.
coast.	- 1		zazwaj company.
Fochabers Station,	_		Do.
			1704

(Sheets 85 and 95 of the Ordnance Survey maps of Scotland, one-inch scale.)

2, 3, and 4.—Boharn, Inversion, and Keith.

These parishes were situated partly in the county of Banff and partly in the county of Elgin. By the Order printed at p. 21 they were placed wholly and for all purposes in the county of Banff. The subjects thus transferred from the county of Elgin are detailed below, County of Banff (p. 162 et seq.)

5.—Rothes.

The parish of Rothes was situated partly in the county of Banff and partly in the county of Elgin. By the Order printed at p. 21 the parish was placed wholly in the county of Elgin. The following subjects have thus been transferred from the county of Banff to the county of Elgin:—

EXPLANATION OF ORDERS.

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PLACE.	Г)escrip	TION	ī,		PROPRIETOR.
Estate of Arndilly— Aikenway,	Lodge and	moor,			,	Mrs, M. A. Kinloch Grant of Arndilly.
Do. Bost of Aikenway,		re _s			:	Do. Do.
Lower Aikenway, . Upper Aikenway and	Farm, .	*	4	4	٠	Do.
Brockholes, . Sheriffhaugh, .	Do Croft, .	1		:	:	Do. Do.

(Sheet 85 of the Ordnance Survey maps of Scotland, one-inch scale.)

B. With the County of Inverness.

1.—Cromdale.

The parish of Cromdale was situated partly in the county of Elgin and partly in the county of Inverness. No change has been made on the county boundary, but the Inverness-shire part of the parish has been transferred to the Inverness-shire parish of Duthil & Rothiemurchus. See Inverness, Cromdale, &c., supra, p. 147.

C. With the County of Nairn.

1.—Ardclach.

The parish of Ardelach had two detached parts which were at the same time detached parts of the county of Nairn (Nairnshire detached Nos. 2 and 3). They were surrounded by the Elginshire parish of Edinkillie. By the Order printed at p. 21 these two detached parts were transferred to the county of Elgin and the parish of Edinkillie.

The following subjects have thus been transferred from the county of Nairn to the county of Elgin (and at the same time from the parish of Ardelach to the parish of Edinkillie):—

PLACE.	DESCRIPTION.					PROPRIETOR,		
Estate of Altyre-								
Upper and Lower	Farm,					Sir William G. G. Cum-		
Berryburn.						ming, Bart,		
Dallasbroughty,	Do.					Do.		
Lurg and Craigroy,	Do.		. +			Do,		
Altyre Woodlands,						Do.		
Estate of Dunphail-								
Glenairney,	Farm,					Lady Thurlow.		
Do	Cottage,		*			Do,		
March of Glenairney,	Crofts,					Do,		
Woodside and March	-							
of Glenairney, .	Do.					Do.		
Dunphail Woodlands,						\mathbf{Do}_{ϵ}		

(Sheets 84 and 85 of the Ordnance Survey maps of Scotland, one-inch scale.)



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COUNTY AND PARISH BOUNDARIES.

2.—Dyke & Moy.

Part of the parish of Dyke & Moy, situated on the east of the River Findhorn at Moy Carse, formed part of the county of Nairn, being a detached part of that county. By the Order printed at p. 20 this detached part (while remaining in the parish of Dyke & Moy) was transferred to the county of Elgin.

The following subjects have thus been transferred from the county of Nairn to the county of Elgin :—

PLACE	487	1 1	$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{I}}$	SCRIP	FION.		,	PROPRIETOR.
Moy Carse, .		$\mathbb{F}\mathrm{arm},$			*			Ian Robert James Murray
Salmon fishings,			.,		*.	*		Grant of Moy. Do. Robert Mackessack of
Moy Carse, .	.*	Farm,	- *	•	•		*	Ardgye.
Do.		Houses	with	garden	LH _y			Do.

(Sheet 94 of the Ordnance Survey maps of Scotland, one-inch scale.)

II.—PARISH BOUNDARIES.

1.—CROMDALE.

The parish of Cromdale has been diminished in area by the disjunction of the part of the parish formerly in Inverness-shire. See County of Inverness, Cromdale, &c., p. 147.

2.-EDINKILLIE,

By the Order printed at p. 21 the parish of Edinkillie has been increased in area by the addition of the two detached parts of the parish of Ardelach. For the subjects thus transferred, see Ardelach, supra, p. 157.

Scottish Boundary Changes, 1889

Moray (Elginshire)



EXPLANATORY NOTES.

- The Counties are arranged in the same order as in the Census returns, "so that a zig-zag line beginning at the north of Scotland and carried to the south passes successively through every County." The Counties have the same numbers as in the Census returns.
- 2. The subjects transferred are enumerated under the head of the County or Parish to which they are transferred. Thus when an area has been transferred from County A to County B, the subjects affected are enumerated under County B, and a cross reference is given under County A.
- 3. The names of subjects are those contained in the Valuation Rolls. In the description of subjects the term "farm" includes the farm-house and servants' houses, and the term "croft" includes the house. But where any of the servants' houses on a farm have distinctive names, such houses are detailed separately. "House" includes cottage, and "land" includes gardens, yards, &c.
- 4. The names of proprietors are in almost every case those given in the Valuation Rolls of 1890-91. It is therefore to be borne in mind that in some cases those who are described as proprietors may be limited owners only, such as liferenters or leaseholders.
- 5. Where villages or towns are affected, the names of the subjects and the proprietors are not usually given. The description of the area transferred is in such cases quite sufficient to show whether and to what extent any subject in the village or town has been affected by the Order.
- 6. The Ordnance maps referred to are those published by the Ordnance Survey Department on the scale of one inch to the mile. Those published down to this date (November 1891), show the Counties and Parishes as they were before the Orders of the Commissioners came into operation. It is expected that, when the work of the Commissioners is completed, revised maps will be published to show the altered boundaries, but the sheets of the revised maps will bear the same numbers as the present maps. The Orders and the explanations can be readily followed on the maps as published at present.
- An ampersand (&) is used where a County or a Parish has a double name,
 e.g., "Ross & Cromarty", "Fetlar & North Yell."
- In most cases it is necessary to read the text of the Order along with the explanation, because the full descriptions contained in the Orders are, as a rule, not repeated in the explanation.